## IN THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

## Listing of Claims

1.(canceled) In an immobilization weapon of the type which employs expanding gas to propel a pair of wire-tethered contact darts toward a remote target and applies a high voltage between the contact darts to temporarily disable the target; a method of reducing inadvertent high voltage arcing that would otherwise limit the efficacy of the weapon; the method comprising the steps of:

- a) placing a first end of a first pyrotechnic device adjacent a first wiretethered dart;
- b) placing a first end of a second pyrotechnic device adjacent a second wire-tethered dart;
- c) electrically interconnecting respective second ends of said first and second pyrotechnic devices; and
- d) directly connecting said first and second wire-tethered darts through their respective wire tether to a switchable high voltage source.

- 2.(currently amended) In an immobilization weapon of the type which employs expanding gas to propel a pair of wire-tethered contact darts toward a remote target and applies a high voltage between the contact darts to temporarily disable the target; a method of reducing inadvertent high voltage arcing that would otherwise limit the efficacy of the weapon; the method comprising the steps of:
- a) placing a first end of a first pyrotechnic device <u>mechanically</u> adjacent a first wire-tethered dart <u>within a first bore having an exit;</u>
- b) placing a first end of a second pyrotechnic device <u>mechanically</u> adjacent a second wire-tethered dart <u>within a second bore having an exit;</u>
- c) directly connecting said first and second wire-tethered darts through their respective wire tethers to a switchable high voltage source having opposite polarity outputs;
- d) electrically connecting a second end of said first pyrotechnic device to the polarity output of said high voltage source to which said second wire-tethered dart is connected; and
- e) electrically connecting a second end of said second pyrotechnic device to the polarity output of said high voltage source to which said first wire-tethered dart is connected—; and
- f) positioning the exits of said first and second bores sufficiently distant from the respective second ends of said pyrotechnic devices to prevent an ignition spark from passing through an exit.

- 3.(canceled) In an immobilization weapon of the type which employs expanding gas to propel a pair of wire-tethered contact darts toward a remote target and applies a high voltage between the contact darts to temporarily disable the target; a method of reducing inadvertent high voltage arcing that would otherwise limit the efficacy of the weapon; the method comprising the steps of:
  - a) connecting pyrotechnic devices in series with each other; and
  - b) connecting said pyrotechnic devices in parallel with said darts.
- 4.(currently amended) In an immobilization weapon of the type which employs expanding gas to propel a pair of wire-tethered contact darts toward a remote target and applies a high voltage between the contact darts to temporarily disable the target; a method of reducing inadvertent high voltage arcing that would otherwise limit the efficacy of the weapon; the method comprising the steps of:
- a) connecting pyrotechnic devices in parallel <u>electrically</u> with each other; and
- b) connecting said pyrotechnic devices in parallel <u>electrically</u> with said darts-; and
- c) storing the bulk of the dart tether wires between the darts prior to detonation.